

Country profiles

Comoros

The information in the country profiles, customized to showcase the core indicators selected by the Commission on Information and Accountability for Women's and Children's Health, is intended to help policy makers and their partners assess progress and prioritize actions to save women's and children's lives. These country profiles reflect the data that are available for each country. Most of the data for the Commission indicators come from household surveys: mainly the USAID-supported Demographic and Health Surveys and the UNICEF-supported Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys.** More information on the data sources for the Commission indicators is available in the annexes to previous Countdown reports: www.countdown2015mnch.org/reports-and-articles.

New survey data are available for 22 countries since the publication of Countdown's 2012 Report. Coverage estimates that are missing or that are more than five years old indicate an urgent need for concerted action to increase data collection efforts so that updated evidence is available for policy and program development.

This report contains profiles for 75 countries with high burdens of maternal and/or child mortality, including the 49 lowest-income countries covered by the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health. Profiles are included for the following countries:

Afghanistan Gambia Nigeria Angola Ghana Pakistan

Azerbaijan Guatemala Papua New Guinea

BangladeshGuineaPeruBeninGuinea-BissauPhilippinesBoliviaHaitiRwanda

Botswana India São Tomé and Prĺncipe

BrazilIndonesiaSenegalBurkina FasoIraqSierra LeoneBurundiKenyaSolomon Islands

CambodiaKorea, Democratic People's Republic ofSomaliaCameroonKyrgyzstanSouth AfricaCentral African RepublicLao People's Democratic RepublicSouth SudanChadLesothoSudanChinaLiberiaSwaziland

Congo Malawi Tanzania, United Republic of

Tajikistan

Congo, Democratic Republic of the Mali Togo

Madagascar

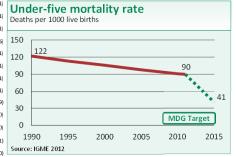
Côte d'Ivoire Mauritania Turkmenistan Djibouti Mexico Uganda Egypt Morocco Uzbekistan **Equatorial Guinea** Mozambique Vietnam Yemen Eritrea Myanmar Ethiopia Nepal Zambia Gabon Niger Zimbabwe

Djibouti

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

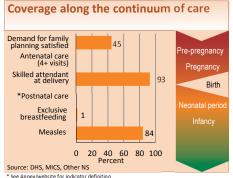


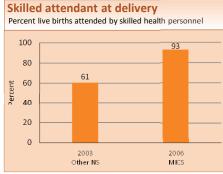


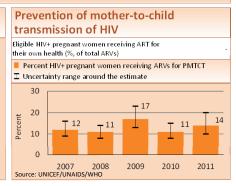


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







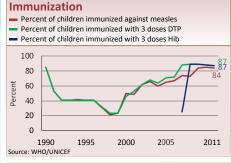
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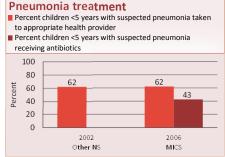
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH



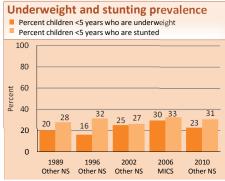


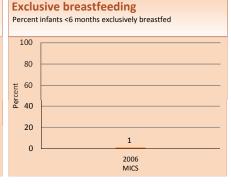
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 10 10

(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 67 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 35

(2010) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 95 (2011)

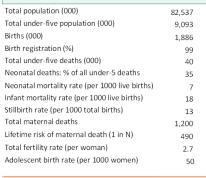


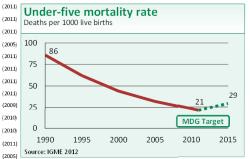


Egypt

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

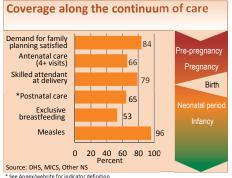




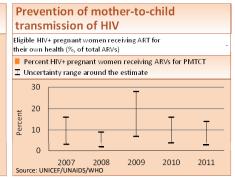


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

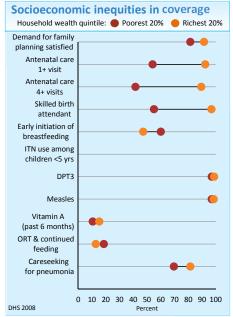
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







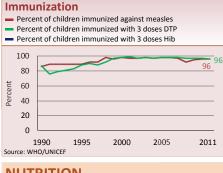
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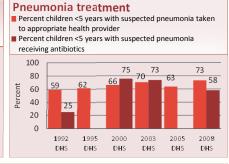


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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

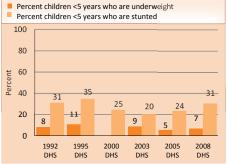
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

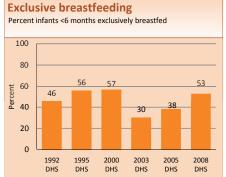
7 13

(2008) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 56 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

(2008) 70

Underweight and stunting prevalence



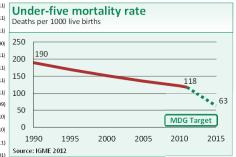


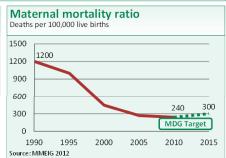
Equatorial Guinea

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

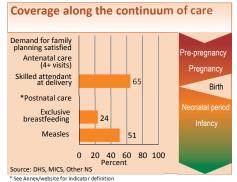




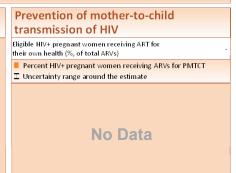


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

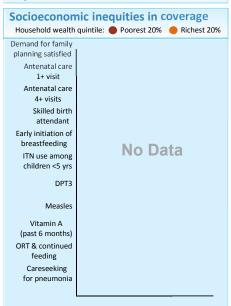
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







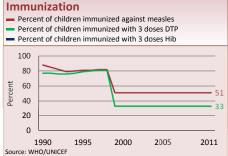
EQUITY



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CHILD HEALTH

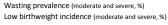




■ Percent children <5 years with suspected pneumonia receiving antibiotics

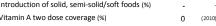
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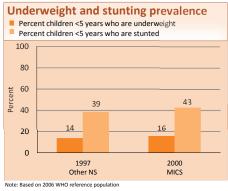
NUTRITION





(2004) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)





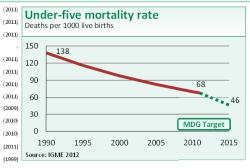


Eritrea

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

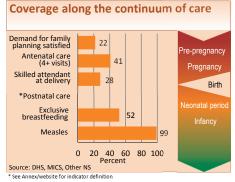




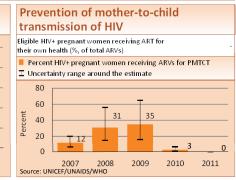


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







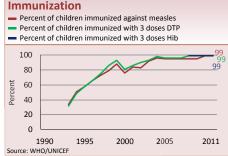
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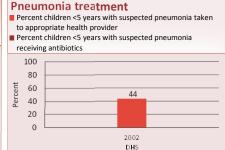
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) **ORT & continued** feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

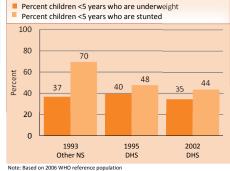
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 15 14 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

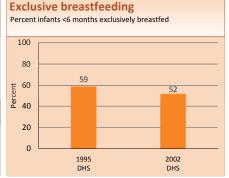
(2002) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 78 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)

43 46 (2011)

(2002)

Underweight and stunting prevalence



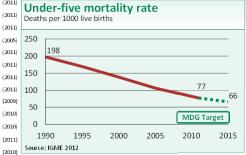


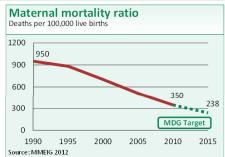
Ethiopia

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

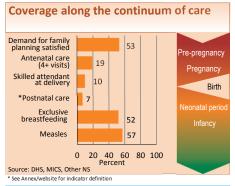




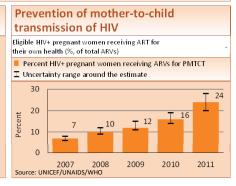


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







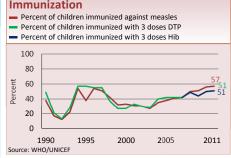
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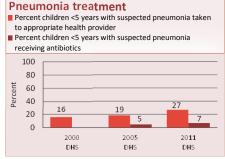
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2011 Percent

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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

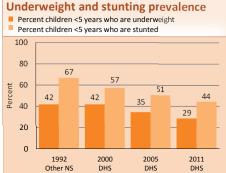
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

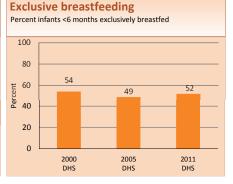
Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

10 20

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 52 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)



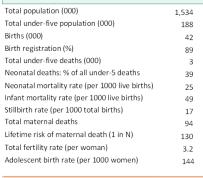


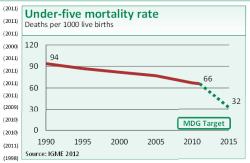


Gabon

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

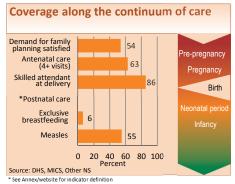


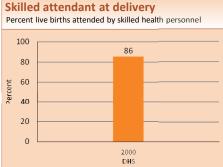


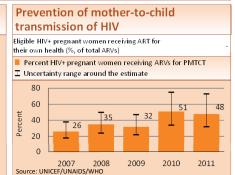


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

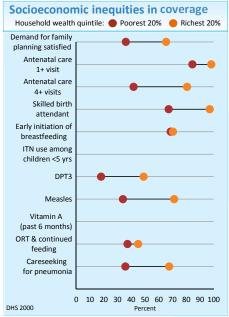
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







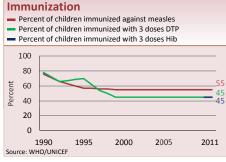
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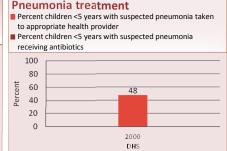


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CHILD HEALTH



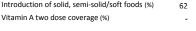


NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

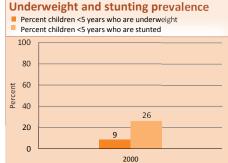
4 (2000) 14 (2000)

(2000) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 71
 (2000) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 62



(2000)



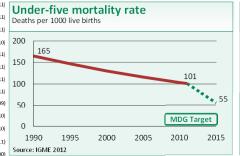


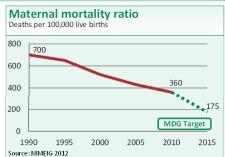
Gambia

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

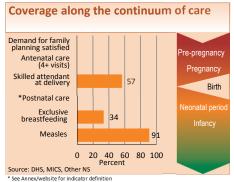


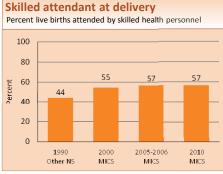


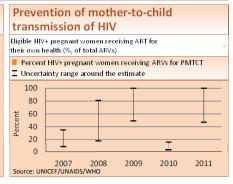


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







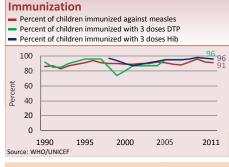
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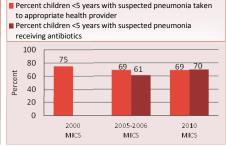
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 MICS 2005-2006 Percent

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CHILD HEALTH





Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

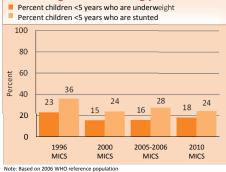
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 10 10

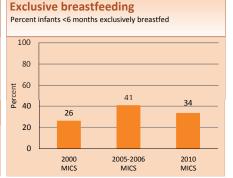
(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 52 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

34 93 (2011)

(2010)

Underweight and stunting prevalence

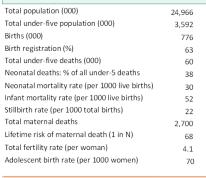


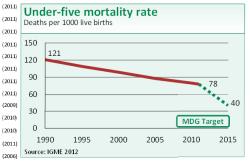


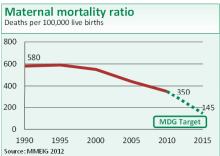
Ghana

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

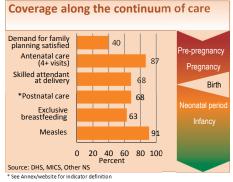


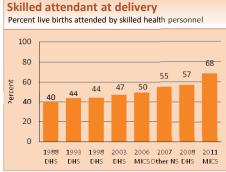


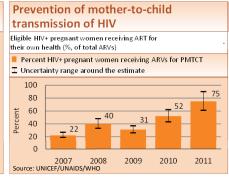


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

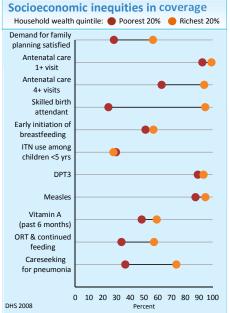
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







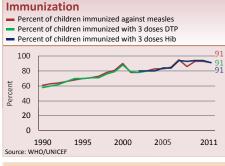
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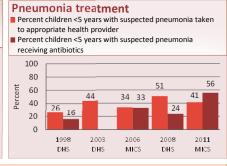


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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

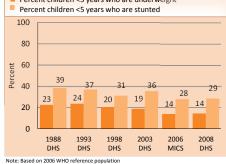
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

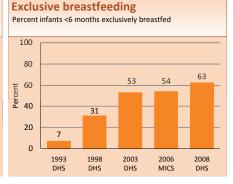
9 13

(2008) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 52 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)

(2008) 76 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 93 (2010)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight</p>



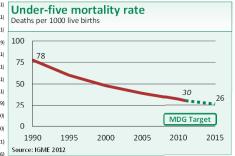


Guatemala

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

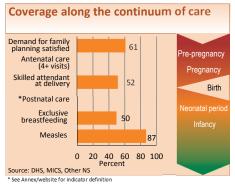


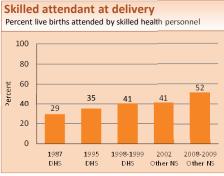


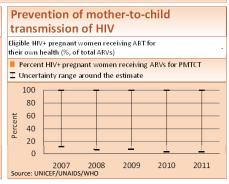


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MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY

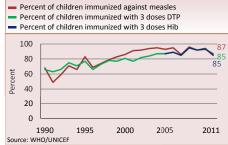
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 1998-1999 Percent

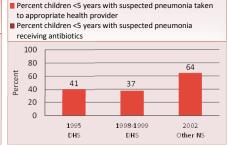
Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH

Immunization





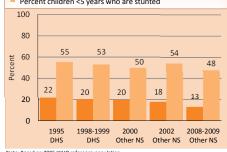
Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

1 (2008-2009) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 56 (2008-2009) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 71 (2008-2009) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 28 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted



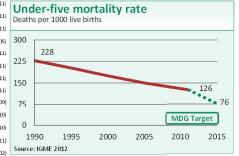
Exclusive breastfeeding Percent infants <6 months exclusively breastfed 100 60 51 50 46 Perc 40 20 1995 2002

Guinea

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

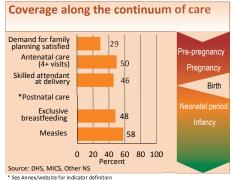


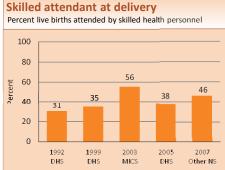


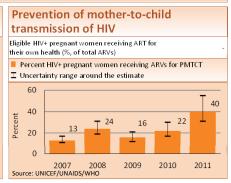


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







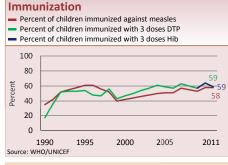
EQUITY

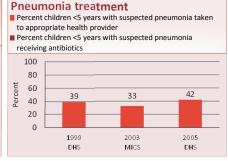
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2005 Percent

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Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

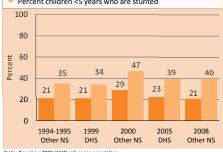
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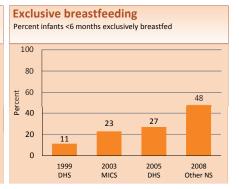
(2008) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 40 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 32 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 88

(2005)

(2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted



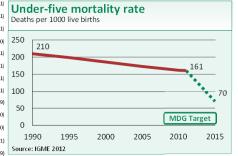


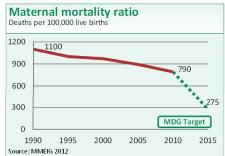
Guinea-Bissau

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

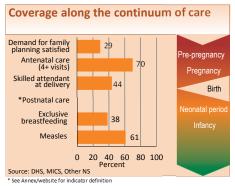


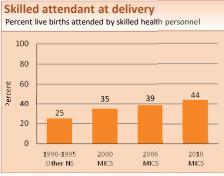


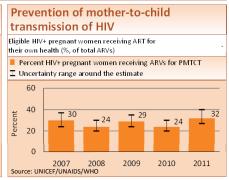


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







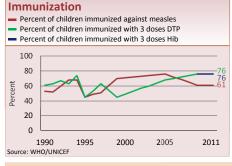
EQUITY

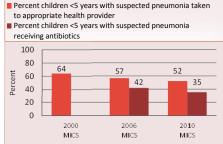
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent

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Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

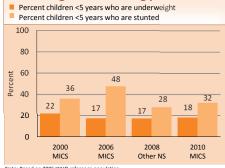
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

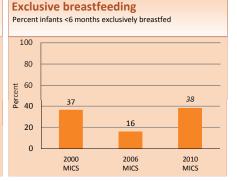
6 11

(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 55 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

(2010) 43 100 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence



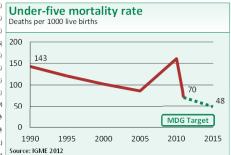


Haiti

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

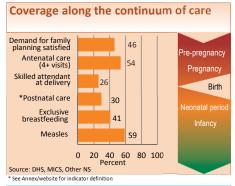




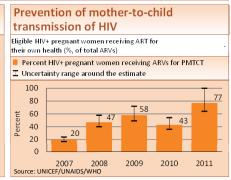


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

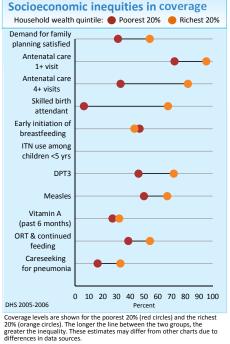
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





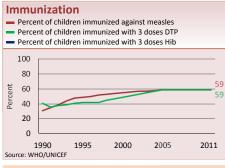


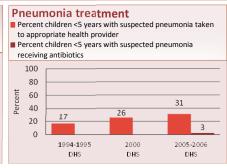
EQUITY



Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH



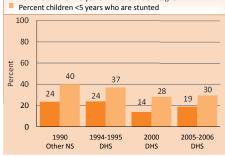


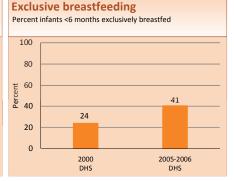
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

10 (2005-2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 44 (2005-2006) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 90 (2005-2006) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 36 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight</p> Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100



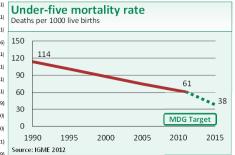


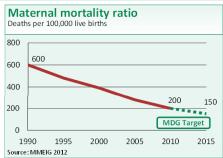
India

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

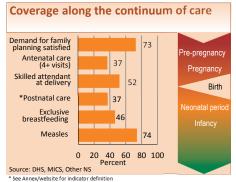


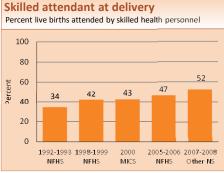




Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY

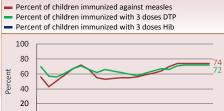
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 NFHS 2005-2006 Percent

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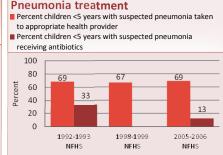
Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH

Immunization



2000



NUTRITION

n

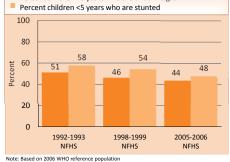
Source: WHO/UNICEF

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

1995

20 (2005-2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 41 (2007-2008) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 56 (2005-2006) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 66 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight



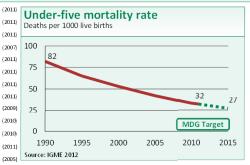
Exclusive breastfeeding Percent infants <6 months exclusively breastfed 100 60 46 Per 40 20 1992-1993 1998-1999

Indonesia

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

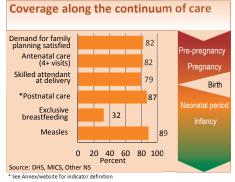


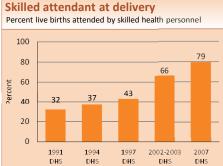


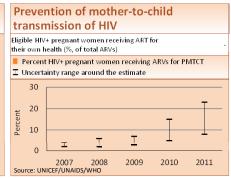


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





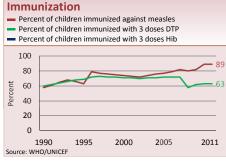


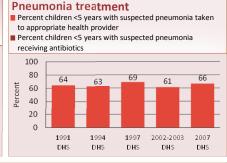
EQUITY

Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2007 Percent Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

13 (2010) E 9 (2007) I

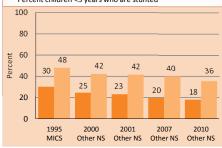
(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 29 (2007) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 85

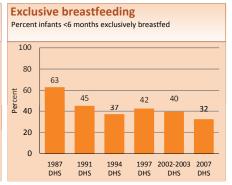
Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 85
Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 76

(2010)

(2011)





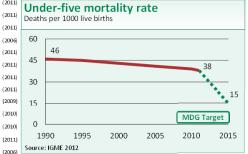


Iraq

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

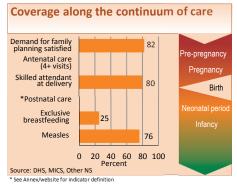


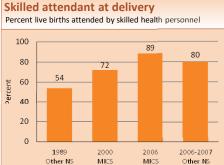




Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







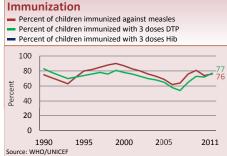
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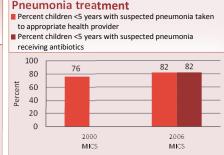
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

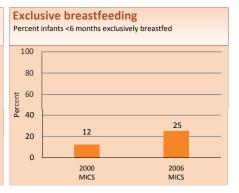
Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

6 (2006) 15 (2006)

(2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 31
(2006) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 62
Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

(2006)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100 60 28 28 28 20 13 10 10 8 7 1991 2003 2004 Other NS MICS Other NS Other NS

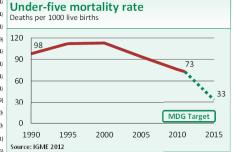


Kenya

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

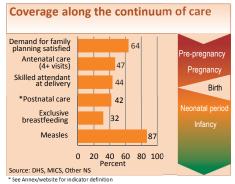


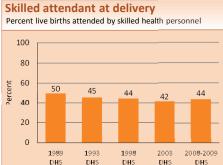


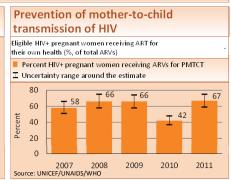


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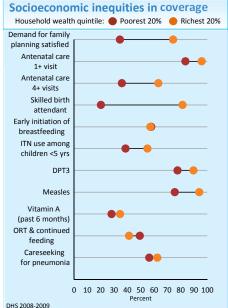
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







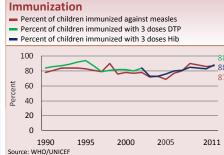
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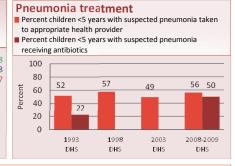


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CHILD HEALTH





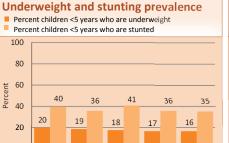
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

7 (2008-2009) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 58 (2008-2009) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 85 (2008-2009)

> 62 (2010)

Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)



2003

2008-2009



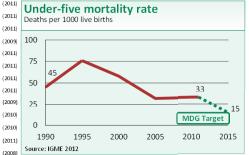
Maternal, Newborn & Child Survival

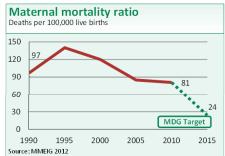
Korea, Democratic People's Republic of

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

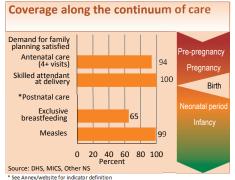


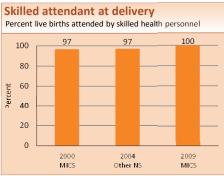




Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







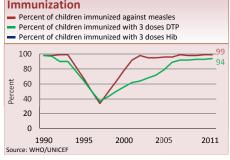
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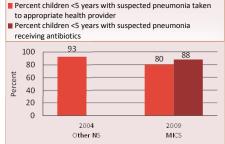
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

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CHILD HEALTH





Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

(2009) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 18 (2009) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 31 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 100 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100 56 60 45 43 32 40 21 18 19 1998 2004

Other NS



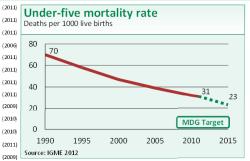
Other NS Other NS Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

Kyrgyzstan

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

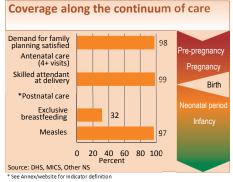


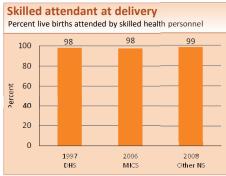


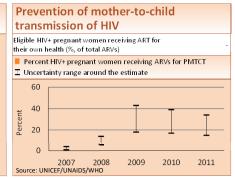


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

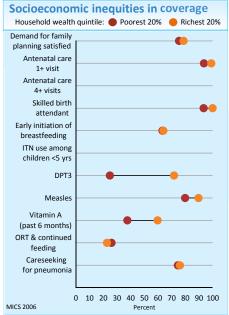
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







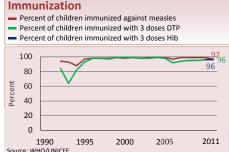
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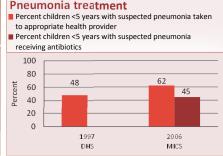


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CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) (2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 65 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

60 97 (2010)

Underweight and stunting prevalence

3

