

Country profiles

Comoros

The information in the country profiles, customized to showcase the core indicators selected by the Commission on Information and Accountability for Women's and Children's Health, is intended to help policy makers and their partners assess progress and prioritize actions to save women's and children's lives. These country profiles reflect the data that are available for each country. Most of the data for the Commission indicators come from household surveys: mainly the USAID-supported Demographic and Health Surveys and the UNICEF-supported Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys.** More information on the data sources for the Commission indicators is available in the annexes to previous Countdown reports: www.countdown2015mnch.org/reports-and-articles.

New survey data are available for 22 countries since the publication of Countdown's 2012 Report. Coverage estimates that are missing or that are more than five years old indicate an urgent need for concerted action to increase data collection efforts so that updated evidence is available for policy and program development.

This report contains profiles for 75 countries with high burdens of maternal and/or child mortality, including the 49 lowest-income countries covered by the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health. Profiles are included for the following countries:

Afghanistan Gambia Nigeria Angola Ghana Pakistan

Azerbaijan Guatemala Papua New Guinea

BangladeshGuineaPeruBeninGuinea-BissauPhilippinesBoliviaHaitiRwanda

Botswana India São Tomé and Prĺncipe

BrazilIndonesiaSenegalBurkina FasoIraqSierra LeoneBurundiKenyaSolomon Islands

CambodiaKorea, Democratic People's Republic ofSomaliaCameroonKyrgyzstanSouth AfricaCentral African RepublicLao People's Democratic RepublicSouth SudanChadLesothoSudanChinaLiberiaSwaziland

Congo Malawi Tanzania, United Republic of

Tajikistan

Congo, Democratic Republic of the Mali Togo

Madagascar

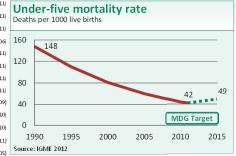
Côte d'Ivoire Mauritania Turkmenistan Djibouti Mexico Uganda Egypt Morocco Uzbekistan **Equatorial Guinea** Mozambique Vietnam Yemen Eritrea Myanmar Ethiopia Nepal Zambia Gabon Niger Zimbabwe

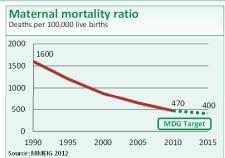
Lao People's Democratic Republic

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

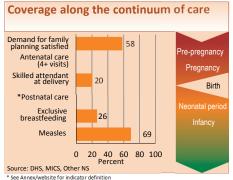


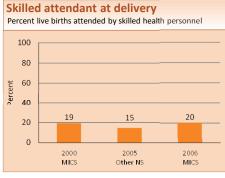


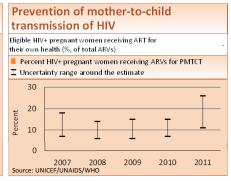


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







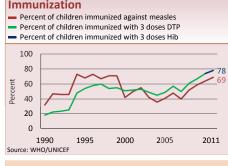
EQUITY

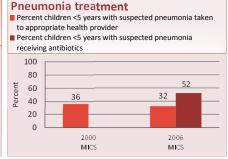
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

11

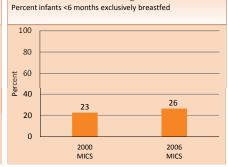
(2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 30 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 41 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 92

Exclusive breastfeeding

(2006)

(2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 60 48 48 Perc 36 40 20



1993 2000 Other NS Other NS

Lesotho

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

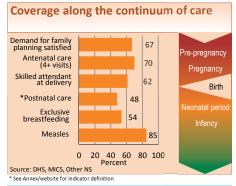




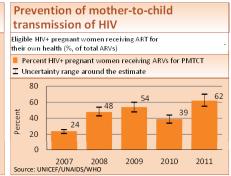


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

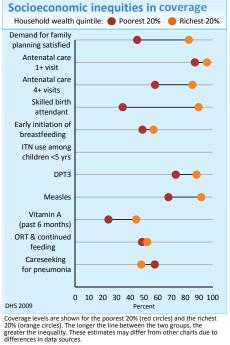
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





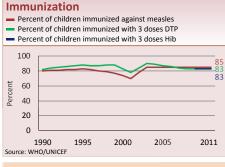


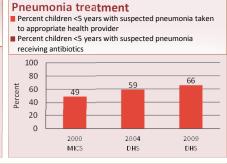
EQUITY



Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

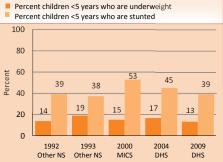
4 11

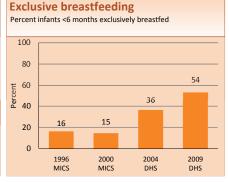
(2009) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 53 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

68

(2009)

Underweight and stunting prevalence



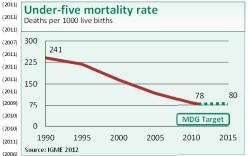


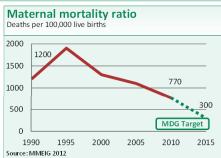
Liberia

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

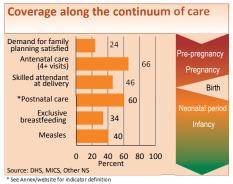


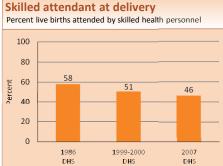


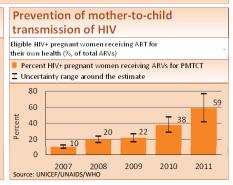


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







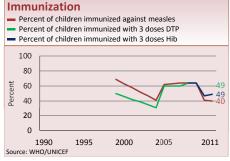
EQUITY

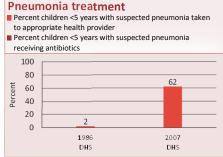
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2007 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

3 (2010) 14 (2007)

 (2010)
 Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)
 44

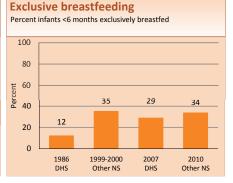
 (2007)
 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)
 51

 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)
 96

(2010)

(2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100 60 45 42 39 Per 40 23 20 1999-2000 2007 2010 Other NS Other NS

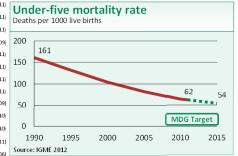


Madagascar

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

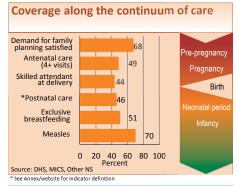


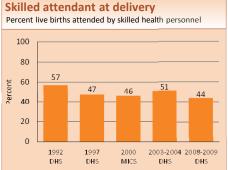


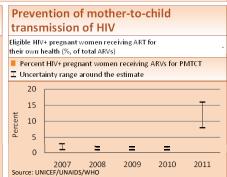


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

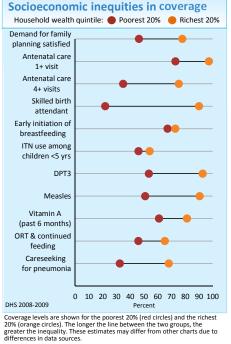
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





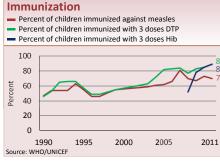


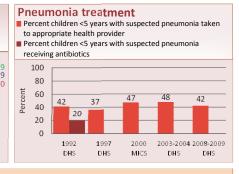
EQUITY



Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH



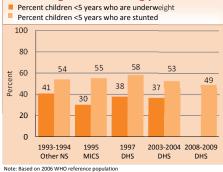


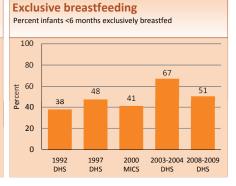
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

15 (2003-2004) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 72 (2008-2009) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 91 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence



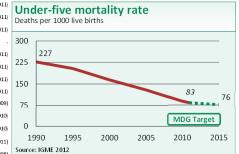


Malawi

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

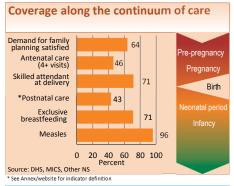




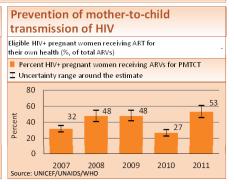


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015

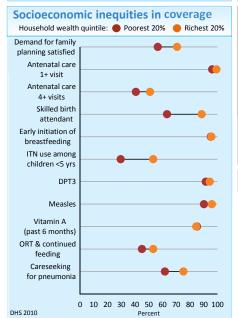
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY



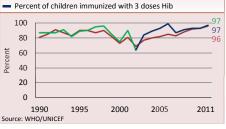
Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

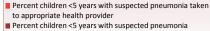
Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH

Immunization

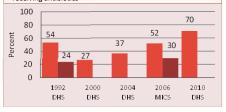






Pneumonia treatment

■ Percent children <5 years with suspected pneumonia receiving antibiotics



NUTRITION

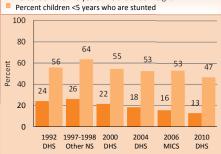
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

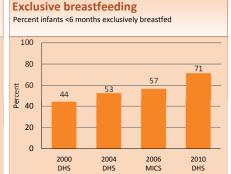
4

13

(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 58 (2006) (2006) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 86 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 96 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight



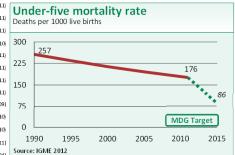


Mali

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

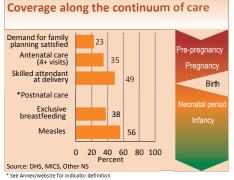


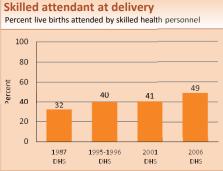


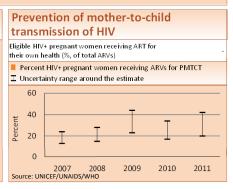


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY

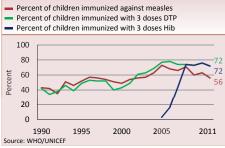
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) **ORT & continued** feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2006 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH

Immunization





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

(2006) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 46
(2006) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 25
Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 96

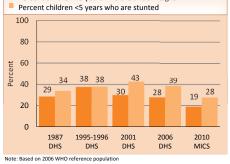
Pneumonia treatment

of birth, %) 46 (2006) 5 (%) 25 (2006) 96 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight

15

19



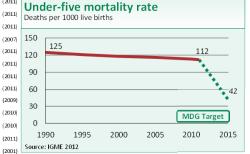


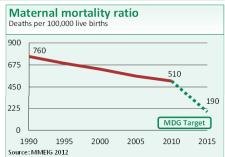
Mauritania

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

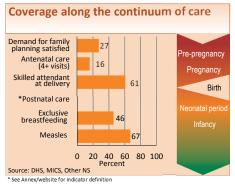


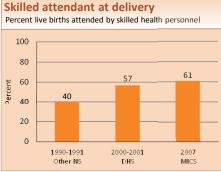


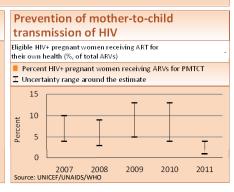


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







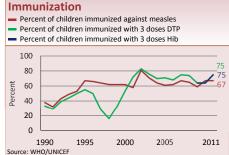
EQUITY

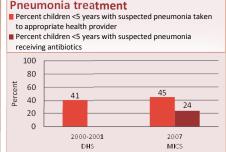
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 12

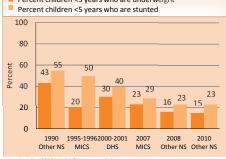
(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 81 (2010) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 61 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 100 (2011)

Exclusive breastfeeding

2000-2001

2007

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight



Percent infants <6 months exclusively breastfed 100 60 Perc 40 20 16 20 11

2008

2009

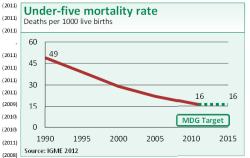
Other NS Other NS Other NS

Mexico

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

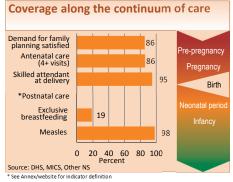




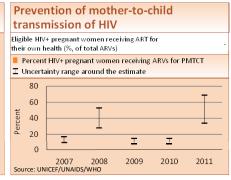


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY

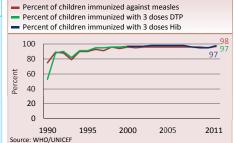
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH

Immunization





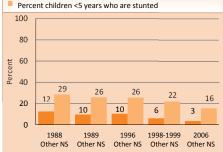
No Data

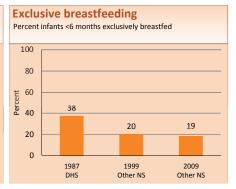
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 18 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

(2009)





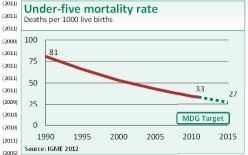


Morocco

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS



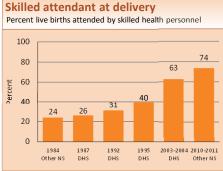


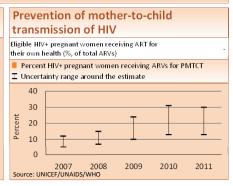


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







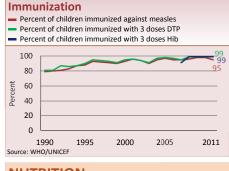
EQUITY

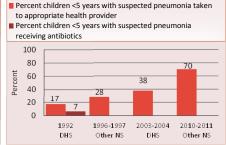
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2003-2004 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH



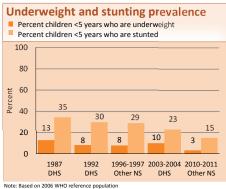


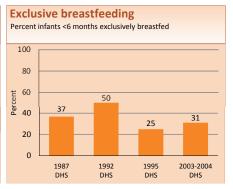
Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

2 (2010-2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 52 (2003-2004) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)



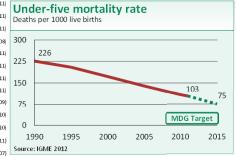


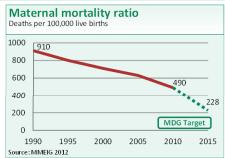
Mozambique

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

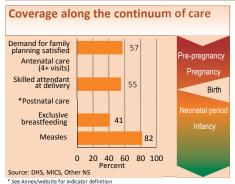




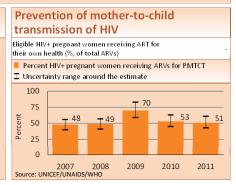


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







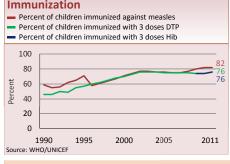
EQUITY

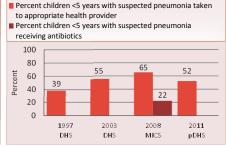
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

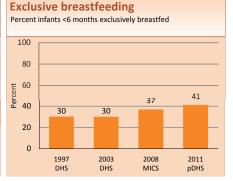
6 16

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 63 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 86 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 100

(2008)

(2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 60 60 50 47 43 44 26 24 23 21 18 15 20 DHS Other NS Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

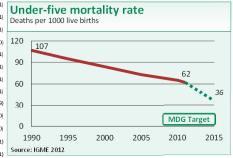


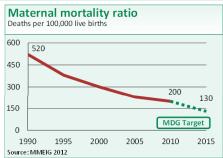
Myanmar

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

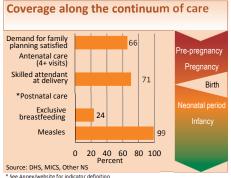


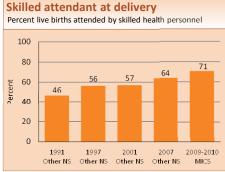


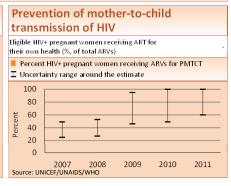


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







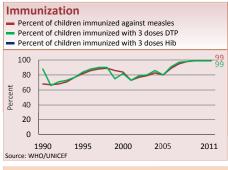
EQUITY

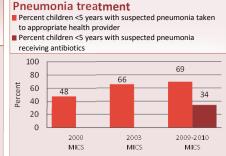
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding No Data ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH



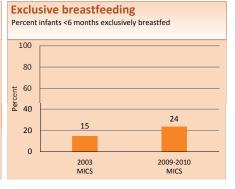


NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

8 (2009-2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 76 (2009-2010) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 81 (2009-2010) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) (2011) 96

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100 60 41 39 35 40 28 30 30 23 1995 1997 2003 Other NS Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

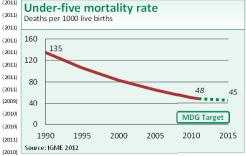


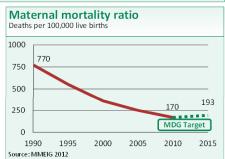
Nepal

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

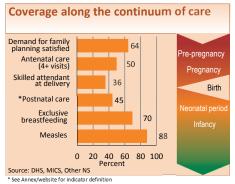




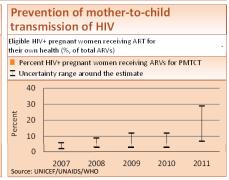


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







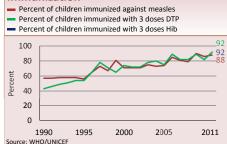
EQUITY

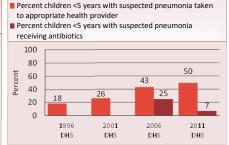
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Immunization Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2011 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





Pneumonia treatment

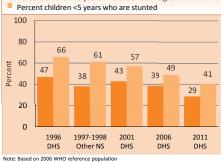
NUTRITION

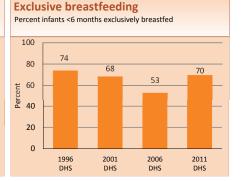
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 11 18

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 45 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

(2011) 66 (2011) 91





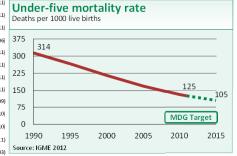


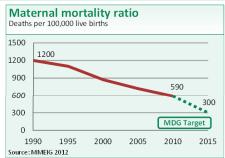
Niger

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

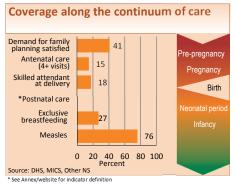


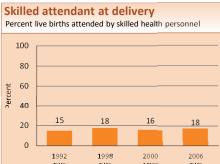


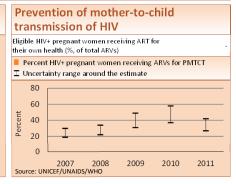


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







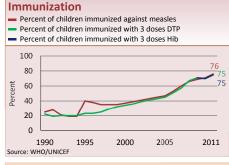
EQUITY

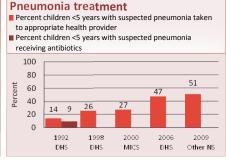
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2006 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 12

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 42 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 65 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 95

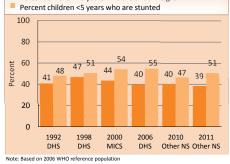
(2010)

(2011)

Exclusive breastfeeding



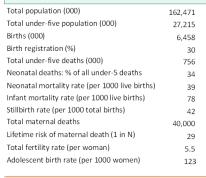
Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight



Nigeria

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

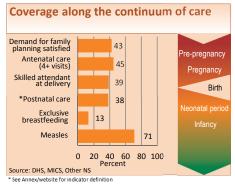


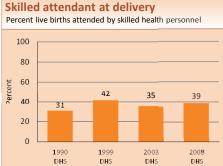


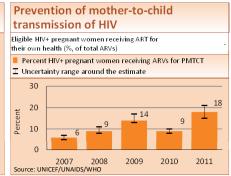


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

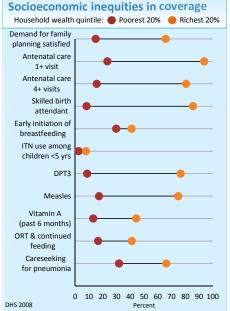
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







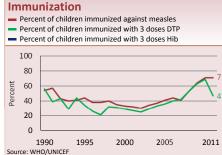
EQUITY

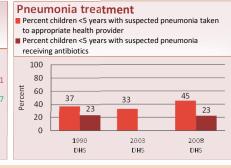


Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 14 12

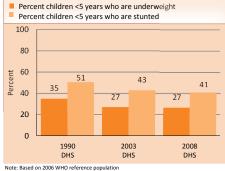
(2008) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 38 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 76

73

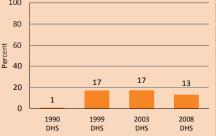
(2011)

Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)





Underweight and stunting prevalence

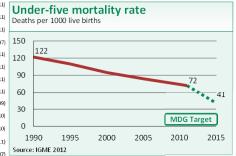


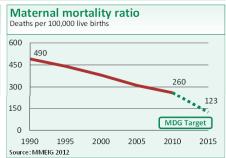
Pakistan

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS





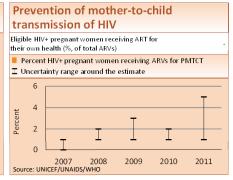


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH





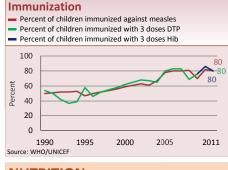


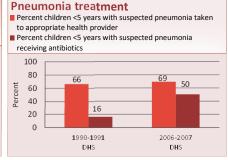
EQUITY

Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2006-2007 Percent Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 15

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 29 (2006-2007) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)

Exclusive breastfeeding

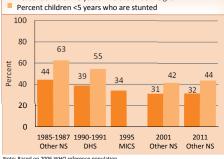
100

60

Percent infants <6 months exclusively breastfed

36 (2006-2007) Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight

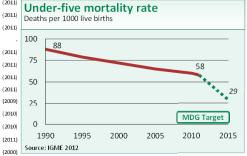


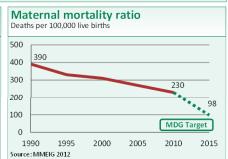
Papua New Guinea

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

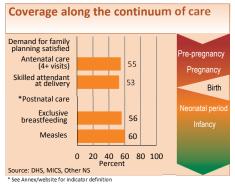




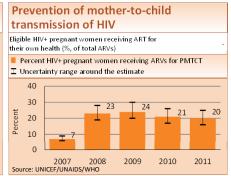


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







EQUITY

Measles

Vitamin A

(past 6 months)
ORT & continued

feeding

Careseeking

for pneumonia

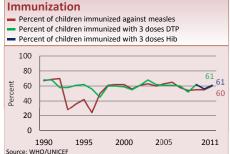
Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3

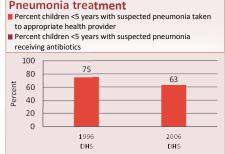
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

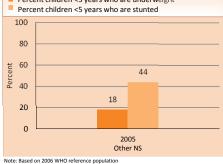
Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

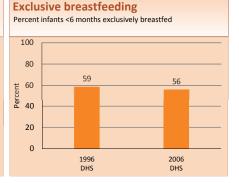
5 (2005) 11 (2005)

(2005) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)
(2005) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)
Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

76 (2006) 12 (2011)





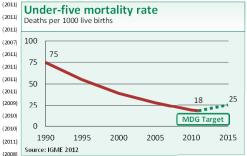


Peru

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

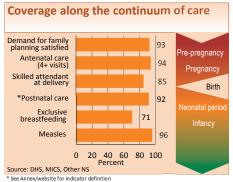


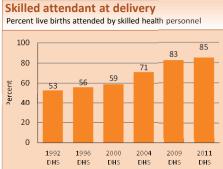


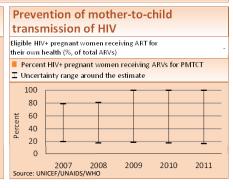


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







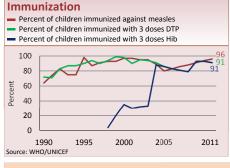
EQUITY

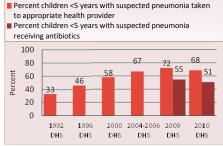
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2004 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





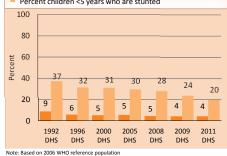
Pneumonia treatment

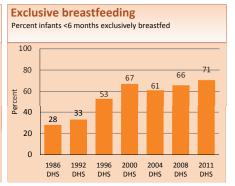
NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %) 0

(2011) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 51 (2010) Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 82 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted



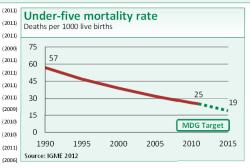


Philippines

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS

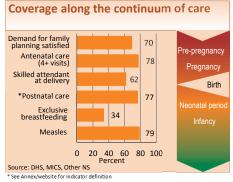




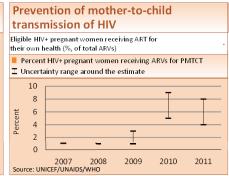


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

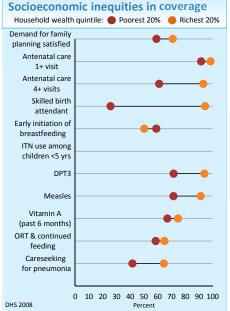
MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







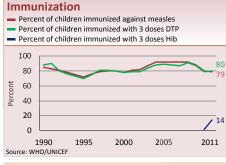
EQUITY

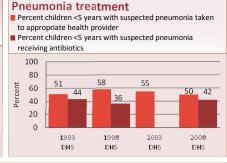


Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %)
Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

7 (2008) 21 (2008)

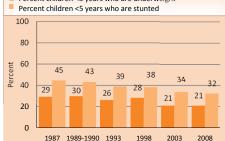
 (2008)
 Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %)
 54

 (2008)
 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%)
 90

 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%)
 91

90 (2008) 91 (2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight



Other NS Other NS Other NS Other NS Other NS

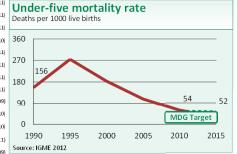


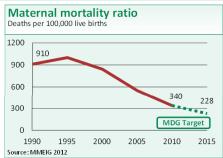
Rwanda

May 2013

DEMOGRAPHICS





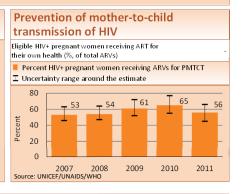


Note: MDG target calculated by Countdown to 2015.

MATERNAL AND NEWBORN HEALTH







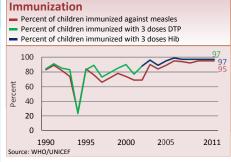
EQUITY

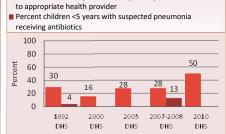
Socioeconomic inequities in coverage Household wealth quintile: Poorest 20% Richest 20% Demand for family planning satisfied Antenatal care 1+ visit Antenatal care 4+ visits Skilled birth attendant Early initiation of breastfeeding ITN use among children <5 yrs DPT3 Measles Vitamin A (past 6 months) ORT & continued feeding Careseeking for pneumonia 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 DHS 2010 Percent

Coverage levels are shown for the poorest 20% (red circles) and the richest 20% (orange circles). The longer the line between the two groups, the greater the inequality. These estimates may differ from other charts due to differences in data sources.

Developed by Countdown to report on core indicators identified by the UN Commission on Information and Accountability, in support of the Global Strategy for Women's and Children's Health

CHILD HEALTH





■ Percent children <5 years with suspected pneumonia taken

Pneumonia treatment

NUTRITION

Wasting prevalence (moderate and severe, %) Low birthweight incidence (moderate and severe, %)

Note: Based on 2006 WHO reference population

(2010) Early initiation of breastfeeding (within 1 hr of birth, %) 71 Introduction of solid, semi-solid/soft foods (%) 79 Vitamin A two dose coverage (%) 76

(2010)

(2011)

Underweight and stunting prevalence Percent children <5 years who are underweight Percent children <5 years who are stunted 100 57 60 48 44 45 Per 24 23 20 18 20 11 1996 2010 DHS Other NS

